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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of The Good People Fund, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Good People Fund, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Good People Fund, Inc. as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Levine, Jacobs & Company, L.L.C.

October 30, 2020



#### THE GOOD PEOPLE FUND, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

#### **ASSETS**

		2020	2	019
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	491,694		39,299
Restricted Cash		66,340	(	64,559
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		2,095		2,766
Total Current Assets		560,129	25	56,624
Property and Equipment - Net		1,902		5,176
Total Assets	\$	562,031	\$ 26	61,800
LIABILITIES AND NET ASS	ETS			
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-
Net Assets				
Without Donor Restrictions		495,691	19	97,241
With Donor Restrictions		66,340	6	34,559
Total Net Assets		562,031		51,800
Total Liabilities and Net Asets	\$	562,031	\$ 26	51,800

### THE GOOD PEOPLE FUND, INC. STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

#### Year Ended June 30, 2020

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Without Donor	With Donor	2020	2019
	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total	Total
Revenues				
Contributions	\$ 631,476	\$ 2,054,590	\$ 2,686,066	\$ 2,100,285
Investment Income	558	-	558	673
Released from Restrictions	2,052,809	(2,052,809)	-	-
Total Revenues	2,684,843	1,781	2,686,624	2,100,958
Expenses				
Program Services	2,244,454	-	2,244,454	2,002,513
Supporting Services				
General and Administrative	111,138	-	111,138	44,537
Fundraising	30,801	-	30,801	43,797
Total Expenses	2,386,393		2,386,393	2,090,847
Change in Net Assets	298,450	1,781	300,231	10,111
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	197,241	64,559	261,800	251,689
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 495,691	\$ 66,340	\$ 562,031	\$ 261,800

## THE GOOD PEOPLE FUND, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		 2019 Total
Revenues					
Contributions	\$	640,696	\$	1,459,589	\$ 2,100,285
Investment Income		673		-	673
Released from Restrictions		1,485,898		(1,485,898)	-
Total Revenues		2,127,267		(26,309)	 2,100,958
Expenses Program Services Supporting Services General and Administrative Fundraising Total Expenses		2,002,513 44,537 43,797 2,090,847		- - - -	 2,002,513 44,537 43,797 2,090,847
Change in Net Assets		36,420		(26,309)	10,111
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		160,821		90,868	 251,689
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	197,241	\$	64,559	\$ 261,800

## THE GOOD PEOPLE FUND, INC. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Supporting Services						
	l	Program	Ge	neral and				
		Services	Adn	ninistrative	_ Fu	ndraising	••	Total
Grants	\$	2,136,767	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,136,767
Salaries		71,608		15,344		15,344		102,296
Payroll Taxes		5,743		1,231		1,231		8,205
Administrative Support		-		27,524		-		27,524
Bank and Credit Card Fees		-		8,197		-		8,197
Consulting		-		33,299		-		33,299
Depreciation and Amortization		2,292		491		491		3,274
Insurance		-		3,318		-		3,318
Marketing		17,078		-		11,385		28,463
Office		-		1,882		-		1,882
Payroll Service		754		161		161		1,076
Postage and Shipping		644		138		138		920
Professional Fees		-		17,502		-		17,502
Telephone and Internet		229		49		49		327
Travel and Lodging		5,321		1,141		1,141		7,603
Technology Expense		4,018		861		861		5,740
Total	\$	2,244,454	\$	111,138	\$	30,801	\$	2,386,393

## THE GOOD PEOPLE FUND, INC. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Supporting Services							
	l	Program	Ge	neral and				
		Services	Adm	ninistrative	Fu	ndraising		Total
_							_	
Grants	\$	1,866,488	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,866,488
Salaries		60,849		16,313		20,479		97,641
Payroll Taxes		4,909		1,344		1,688		7,941
Administrative Support		16,822		4,806		2,403		24,031
Bank and Credit Card Fees		3,545		1,013		506		5,064
Consulting		20,070		-		6,690		26,760
Depreciation and Amortization		2,106		867		301		3,274
Insurance		1,592		455		228		2,275
Marketing		14,832		-		9,888		24,720
Office		-		4,160		-		4,160
Payroll Service		671		191		96		958
Postage and Shipping		858		245		122		1,225
Professional Fees		-		12,352		-		12,352
Travel and Lodging		6,791		1,940		970		9,701
Technology Expenses		2,980		851		426		4,257
Total	\$	2,002,513	\$	44,537	\$	43,797	\$	2,090,847

#### THE GOOD PEOPLE FUND, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	 2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Change in Net Assets Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$ 300,231	\$ 10,111
Depreciation and Amortization Changes in Assets and Liabilities Decrease (Increase) in:	3,274	3,274
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	671	(1,246)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	304,176	 12,139
Net Increase in Cash	304,176	12,139
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	253,858	 241,719
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 558,034	\$ 253,858

#### **NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ACTIVITIES**

The Good People Fund, Inc. (GPF), is a nonprofit corporation formed on January 30, 2008, in New Jersey.

GPF provides financial support, guidance and mentoring to charitable organizations and individuals that result in a better life for individuals. This support targets those who might otherwise find it difficult to respond to significant problems such as poverty, disability, trauma and social isolation. The beneficiaries of this support are located primarily throughout the United States and Israel.

GPF's program assists organizations to become sustainable and independent, and to advise individuals, students, teachers and donees ways to improve and maximize the use of financial and other resources and how to utilize other people's talents on behalf of repairing the world. This is accomplished through monetary support as well as guidance and mentoring to these other organizations.

Support for The Good People Fund, Inc. comes from individual donations and foundation contributions.

#### **NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Organization have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and are presented in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 958, 'Not-for-profit Entities', and the provisions of Accounting Standards Update 2016-14, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities. ASU 2016-14 requires GPF to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions. Net asset terminology has been revised accordingly and a liquidity and availability disclosure is included to comply with the new ASU.

Assets accumulated, and resources received and expended by GPF are either without donor restrictions or restricted by the donor for a particular purpose. Net assets with donor restrictions represent contributions to GPF whose use is limited by donor-imposed stipulations that either expire by the passage of time or can be fulfilled by expending the funds for their restricted purpose. The designation of net assets for specific purposes by GPF itself does not constitute a basis for reclassifying them as net assets with donor restrictions.

Accordingly, the net assets of GPF and changes therein are classified as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions – net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of GPF. GPF's board may designate assets without restrictions for specific operational purposes from time to time.

Net assets with donor restrictions – net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors, and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of GPF or by the passage of time. Other donor

#### NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Basis of Accounting (continued)

restrictions are perpetual in nature, where by the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash. Per this ASU, amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents should be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. GPF adopted this new policy during the current fiscal year.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-08, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made. The new guidance applies to all entities that receive or make contributions. This ASU includes specific criteria to consider when determining whether a contract or agreement should be accounted for as a contribution or as an exchange transaction. ASU No. 2018-08 also provides a framework to determine whether a contribution is conditional or unconditional which may impact the timing of revenue recognition. Under the new guidance, if a transaction is considered an exchange transaction it is accounted for under the applicable revenue recognition standards. GPF adopted the prospectively for contributions received for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Pending Pronouncements**

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), requiring an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. The updated standard will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP when it becomes effective and permits the use of either a full retrospective or retrospective with cumulative effect transition method. In June 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-05 which defers the effective date of the ASU one year making it effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. GPF has not received any promises or pledges of contributions.

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). The guidance in this ASU supersedes the leasing guidance in Topic 840, Leases. Under the new guidance, lessees are required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of activities. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, including interim periods within those fiscal years. A modified retrospective transition approach is required for lessees for capital and operating leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements, with certain practical expedients available. GPF does not have any leases.

#### NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Compensated Absences

Compensated absences for sick pay and personal time have not been accrued since they cannot be reasonably estimated. The Organization's policy is to recognize these costs when actually paid

#### Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the program and supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis in the Statements of Activities and Statements of Functional Expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the program and supporting services benefited. Costs have been allocated based on the estimated amount of time employees spend between program and support activities.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

GPF considers all cash and money market funds on deposit with the bank and all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### Restricted Cash

Restricted Cash represents the amount of the Net Assets with Donor Restrictions at the end of the fiscal year.

#### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, except for donated items which are recorded at fair value on the date of donation. Depreciation is provided in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives, on a straight-line basis. Property and Equipment with a cost over \$1,000 are capitalized, as well as any addition with a cost less than \$1,000 if the property and equipment adds to the useful life of a pre-existing capitalized fixed asset.

	Estimated Useful Life
	(Years)
Furniture and Equipment	5-10
Software	3-5

Depreciation and amortization expense for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, was \$3,274 and \$3,274, respectively.

#### NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Contributions**

Unconditional contributions, those that do not include a measurable performance-related or other barrier are those in which GPF has discretion over how the contribution should be spent, are recognized as contribution in the period received. Donors can choose to designate that their contributions be distributed to a specific organization. These transactions are included in contributions in the statements of activities as revenue and expense.

Expirations of donor-imposed restrictions on net assets (i.e., the donor-stipulated purpose has been fulfilled and/or the stipulated time period has elapsed) are reported as net assets released from restrictions.

Investment earnings available for distribution are recorded in net assets without donor restrictions. Investment earnings with donor restrictions are recorded in net assets with donor restrictions based on the nature of the restrictions.

It is GPF's policy to immediately sell donated securities in order to convert the donation into cash. The value of the donated securities sold during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, totaled \$102,417 and \$41,217 respectively. There were no securities held at June 30, 2020 or 2019.

#### Income Taxes

GPF is exempt from federal income taxes under section 501(c) (3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code and from state and local taxes under comparable laws. In addition, GPF has been classified as a public charity and qualifies for deductible contributions as provided in IRC Section 170. However, any unrelated business income may be subject to taxation. Currently, GPF has no obligation for any unrelated business income tax. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is included in the financial statements.

Management evaluated GPF's tax positions and concluded that GPF had taken no uncertain tax positions in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 740 "Uncertainty in Income Taxes" that require adjustment to the financial statements to comply with the provisions of this guidance. GPF files income tax returns in the U.S. Federal jurisdiction, GPF is not subject to income tax examinations by the U.S. federal, state, or local tax authorities unless GPF was engaged in activities that would generate unrelated business income.

In compliance with IRS regulations, GPF's Board of Directors reviews the federal exempt organization return, Form 990, before it is filed.

#### **NOTE 3 – CONCENTRATIONS**

In the current year, a significant amount of contributions was provided by a small number of contributors. It is always considered reasonably possible that benefactors, grantors or contributors might be lost in the near term.

GPF maintains accounts at a financial institution located in northern New Jersey. Accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000.

#### **NOTE 3 – CONCENTRATIONS (Continued)**

GPF had uninsured cash balance of \$67,293 and \$0 as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

#### **NOTE 4 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

Equipment consists of the following at:

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Database Software Computers	\$ 31,195 3,646	\$ 31,195 3,646
Less Accumulated Depreciation	34,841 (32,939)	34,841 (29,665)
Equipment, Net	\$ 1,902	\$ 5,176

Database Software amortization expense was \$3,009 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. Estimated future amortization expense for database software assets is as follows:

<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ 1,505
Thereafter	0
	\$ 1.505

#### NOTE 5 – NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Donor restricted net assets consist for the following purpose as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, are as follows:

	June 30,	June 30,
	2020	2019
Subject to expenditure for specified purpose	\$ 66,340	\$ 64,559

#### **NOTE 6 – LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY**

Financial assets available for general expenditure that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their uses, within one year of the statement of financial position date, comprise the following:

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 558,034	\$ 253,858
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	<u>2,095</u>	2,766
	560,129	256,624
Less: Donor Restricted for Purpose	<u>(66,340)</u>	<u>(64,559)</u>
Financial Assets Available for General Expenditures	<u>\$ 493,789</u>	<u>\$ 192,065</u>

#### NOTE 6 – LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY (Continued)

In addition to these available financial assets, a significant portion of GPF's annual expenditures will be funded by current year operating contributions.

As part of GPF's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations as they come due. As part of GPF's liquidity management plan, cash in excess of daily requirements for general expenditures is invested in short-term investments. GPF's short-term investments consist of money market funds that can be drawn upon, if necessary, to meet the liquidity needs of GPF.

#### **NOTE 7 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION**

There were no related party transactions for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

#### NOTE 8 - SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW

Cash paid during the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 for interest and income taxes was \$0 and \$0, respectively.

#### **NOTE 9 – RISK AND UNCERTAINITY**

GPF's continuing operations have been affected by the recent and ongoing outbreak of the coronavirus (COVID-19) which was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include restrictions on travel, quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and the actions taken to mitigate it have had and are expected to continue to have an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many countries, including the geographical location in which GPF operates. GPF's workforce has been fully remote since before the start of the pandemic and therefore GPF did not incur additional costs related to sanitation and protective equipment. However, as COVID-19 is still impacting many regions of the country, there is still uncertainty regarding the future impact on GPF.

#### NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 30, 2020, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.